

## APPENDIX 1

### ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AMS	Amsterdam (city, where a regional training workshop was organized)
BCCC-SCRC	Basel Convention Coordinating Centre-Stockholm Convention Regional Centre in Uruguay
BCN	Barcelona (city, where a regional training workshop was organized)
BRS	Basel, Rotterdam and Stockholm Conventions
CEE	Central and Eastern European countries
CEO	Chief Executive Officer
COP	Conference of the Parties
CVUA	Chemisches Untersuchungsamt Freiburg
DDT	Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane
dl-PCB	Dioxin-like PCB
dl-POPs	Dioxin-like POPs
DTIE	Division of Technology, Industry and Economics (of UNEP)
EA	Executing Agency
EO	Evaluation Office
EQTL	Environmental Toxicology and Quality Control Laboratory in Bamako, Mali
EULA	Centro de Ciencias Ambientales EULA-Chile de la Universidad de Concepción
FSP	Full-Sized Project
GC/ECD	Gas Chromatography/Electron Capture Detector
GEF	Global Environment Facility
GEF TF	Global Environment Facility Trust Fund
GIS	Geographic Information Systems
GLP	Good Laboratory Practices
GMP	Global Monitoring Plan
GRULAC	Group of Latin American and Caribbean
HBCD	Hexabromocyclododecane
HCH	Hexachlorocyclohexane
IA	Implementing Agency
IES	Integrated Environmental Strategies
ILAC	International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation
ISO	International Standards Organization
IUPAC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
IVM VU	Institute for Environmental Studies, University Amsterdam

LDCF	Least Developed Countries Fund
M&E	Monitoring and Evaluation
MEA	Multilateral Environmental Agreements
MSP	Medium-Sized Project
MTM Centre	Man-Technology-Environment research centre
MTR	Mid-Term Review
MTS	Medium Term Strategy
NAP	National Action Plan
NAPA	National Adaptation Programme of Action
NBSAP	National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan
NCSA	National Capacity Self-Assessment
NIP	National Implementation Plan
NPFE	National Portfolio Formulation Exercise
NPIF	Nagoya Protocol Implementation Fund
PAS	Passive Air Samplers
PBDE	Polybrominated diphenyl ethers
PCB	Polychlorinated biphenyls
PCDD	Polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins
PCDF	Polychlorinated dibenzofurans
PFOS	Perfluorooctane Sulfonate
PIF	Project Identification Form
POPs	Persistent Organic Pollutants
PoW	Programme of Work
PRSP	Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper
PSC	Project Steering Committee
PUF	Polyurethane foam
QA/QC	Quality Assurance/Quality Control
QSP	Quick Start Programme
RECETOX	Research Center for Toxic Compounds in the Environment
ROAP	Regional Office for Asia and Pacific
SAICM	Strategic Approach to International Chemicals Management
SC	Stockholm Convention
SCCF	Special Climate Change Fund
SMC	Sound Management of Chemicals
SOP	Standard Operating Procedure
SSFAs	Small-Scale Funding Agreements

TEQ	Toxic Equivalent
TNA	Technology Needs Assessment
UNDAF	United Nations Development Assistance Framework
UNEP	United Nations Environment Programme
WEOG	Western European and Others Group
WHO	World Health Organization

## APPENDIX 2

### OVERALL PROJECT BUDGET (EXCEL)

Project activities	GEF	Cofinance	Sub-total
<b>Component 1: Securing conditions for successful project implementation.</b>	283,000	564,059	847,059
1.1 Key stakeholders sign legal documents to carry activities.	54,100	188,020	242,120
1.2 Organise inception workshop, with project workplan and budget assigned.	164,800	188,020	352,820
1.3 Update POPs laboratory databank.	64,100	188,020	252,120
<b>Component 2: Capacity building and data generation on analysis of core abiotic matrices.</b>	1,355,900	4,314,336	5,670,236
2.1 Identify sampling sites for air monitoring and make them operational.	265,746	286,231	551,977
2.2 Identify sampling sites for water monitoring and make them operational.	252,246	286,231	538,477
2.3 Make nat'l labs operational for undertaking analysis of abiotic matrices.	249,236	3,182,745	3,431,981
2.4 Analyse nat'l samples for air and water, and report high quality data.	528,996	279,564	808,560
2.5 Summarize results of analysis in two distinctive sectoral reports.	59,676	279,564	339,240
<b>Component 3: Capacity building and data generation on analysis of core biotic matrices.</b>	697,100	4,583,669	5,280,769
3.1 Make countries in the region capable to undertake sampling of human milk for the 6th round of UNEP/WHO survey.	235,917	356,122	592,039
3.2 Make nat'l laboratories operational for undertaking analysis of human milk samples.	213,117	3,528,636	3,741,753
3.3 Implement the 6th round of human milk survey.	201,867	349,455	551,322
3.4 Compare results with data from earlier rounds, and report them to the GMP.	46,200	349,455	395,655
<b>Component 4: Assessment of existing analytical capacities and reinforcement of national POPs monitoring.</b>	625,000	2,770,075	3,395,075
4.1 Undertake two rounds of the Interlab Assessment.	364,733	692,519	1,057,252
4.2 Identify and analyse samples of major nat'l interest.	260,267	2,077,556	2,337,823
<b>Component 5: Securing conditions for sustainable POPs monitoring.</b>	415,000	573,559	988,559
5.1 Develop conclusions, lessons learned and recommendations from GMP2 for future monitoring plan.	141,000	188,020	329,020
5.2 Prepare a state-of-the-art report to picture the present situation of POPs in the region's environment and humans.	215,500	197,520	413,020
5.3 Develop a roadmap for sustainable POPs monitoring.	58,500	188,020	246,520
<b>Project management</b>	190,000	519,703	709,703
	190,000	519,703	709,703
<b>Project monitoring and evaluation</b>	70,000	50,000	120,000
	70,000	50,000	120,000
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3,636,000</b>	<b>13,375,401</b>	<b>17,011,401</b>



Appendices to project GMP2 for GRULAC [GEF Agency Project ID 0956]

APPENDIX 4: CO-FINANCE BY SOURCE AND UNEP BUDGET LINES (RECEIVED 15 PLEDGED)

Source of funding (noting whether cash or in-kind):	Co-finance by donor																	ALLOCATION BY CALENDAR YEAR					
	Antigua Barbuda	Argentina	Barbados	Brazil (CETESS)	Chile	Colombia	Ecuador	Jamaica	Mexico	Peru	Uruguay-Cent ro	UNEP Chemicals	WHO	CVUA	EULA, Chile	BRS Secretariat	CSIC	Total	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
<b>10</b>	<b>PROJECT PERSONNEL COMPONENT</b>																						
1100	<b>Project Personnel</b>																						
1101	Project coordinator (EA)																						
1102	70,000	220,000	120,000	240,000	54,000	509,005	51,075	200,000	240,000	68,150	250,000	150,000	0	489,200	150,000	435,000	260,000	3,236,430	809,108	809,108	809,108	809,108	3,236,430
1199	70,000	220,000	120,000	240,000	54,000	509,005	51,075	200,000	240,000	68,150	250,000	150,000	0	489,200	150,000	435,000	260,000	3,486,430	871,608	871,608	871,608	871,608	3,486,430
1200	<b>Consultants w/m</b>																						
1201	Project assistant																						
1202	Updating of UNEP's POPs Lab databank																						
1299	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1600	<b>Travel on official business (above staff)</b>																						
1601	Travel project staff (EA)																						
1699	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	70,000	220,000	120,000	240,000	54,000	509,005	51,075	200,000	240,000	68,150	250,000	150,000	0	489,200	150,000	435,000	260,000	3,486,430	871,608	871,608	871,608	871,608	3,486,430
<b>20</b>	<b>SUB-CONTRACT COMPONENT</b>																						
2100	<b>Sub-contracts (UN organizations)</b>																						
2101	Sub-contracts																						
2199	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2200	<b>Sub-contracts (SSFA, PCA, non-UN)</b>																						
2201	5,500	0	100,000	200,000	120,000	102,955	240,000	200,000	210,000	0	10,000	0	0	0	0	0	200,000	1,388,455	347,114	347,114	347,114	347,114	1,388,455
2202	Subcontracts for natl implementation of sampling air																						
2203	Subcontracts for regional implementation of sampling water																						
2204	Subcontracts for natl implementation of sampling human milk																						
2205	Subcontracts for natl POPs analysis (air, water, milk, natl)																						
2206	Expert laboratories for core matrices																						
2207	Expert laboratory analysis PFOS water																						
2208	Implementation of 2 rounds of interlab, GRULAC region																						
2209	Implementation of mirror samples and analysis (expert labs)																						
2210	Implementation of mirror samples and analysis (natl labs)																						
2299	5,500	0	100,000	200,000	120,000	102,955	240,000	200,000	210,000	0	10,000	0	0	0	0	0	200,000	1,388,455	347,114	347,114	347,114	347,114	1,388,455
2999	5,500	0	100,000	200,000	120,000	102,955	240,000	200,000	210,000	0	10,000	0	0	0	0	0	200,000	1,388,455	347,114	347,114	347,114	347,114	1,388,455
<b>30</b>	<b>TRAINING COMPONENT</b>																						
3200	<b>Group training (field trips, WS, etc.)</b>																						
3201	70,000																						
3202	Inception WS and final WS for interlab assessment (travel+org)																						
3203	Sectoral interim training and results WS																						
3299	70,000																						
3300	<b>Meetings/conferences</b>																						
3301	Regional project inception workshop																						
3302	Regional final results workshop (travel, organisation)																						
3303	Meetings of Steering Committee																						
3399	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,000	0	0	0	0	10,000	10,000	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	10,000
3999	70,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,000	0	0	0	0	10,000	80,000	25,833	25,833	25,833	25,833	80,000
<b>40</b>	<b>EQUIPMENT and PREMISES COMPONENT</b>																						
4100	<b>Expendable equipment (under 1,500 \$)</b>																						
4101	Supplies of samplers, containers for air, water, human milk																						
4102	For GRULAC labs: spares, consumables, standards																						
4103	Set-up of site for active sampling of air in one country																						
4199	0	0	0	0	0	247,346	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20,000	247,346	247,346	0	0	0	247,346
4200	<b>Non-expendable equipment (above 1,500 \$)</b>																						
4201	50,000	870,000	120,000	240,000	100,000	894,570	300,000	728,000	240,000	800,700	1,798,000	0	0	276,000	300,000	0	420,000	7,137,270	7,137,270	241,600	241,600	241,600	7,137,270
4202	20,000	90,000	60,000	120,000	156,000	0	21,400	100,000	110,000	9,000	60,000	0	0	0	100,000	0	120,000	966,400	241,600	241,600	241,600	241,600	966,400
4203	Vehicles																						
4199	70,000	960,000	180,000	360,000	256,000	894,570	321,400	828,000	350,000	809,700	1,858,000	0	0	276,000	400,000	0	540,000	8,103,670	7,378,870	241,600	241,600	241,600	8,103,670
4999	70,000	960,000	180,000	360,000	256,000	1,141,916	321,400	828,000	350,000	809,700	1,858,000	0	0	276,000	400,000	0	540,000	8,371,016	7,646,216	241,600	241,600	241,600	8,371,016
<b>50</b>	<b>MISCELLANEOUS COMPONENT</b>																						
5200	<b>Reporting costs (publications, maps, NL)</b>																						
5201	Sectoral, thematic reports																						
5202	SOPs, sampling and analysis of core matrices, all POPs																						
5203	National reports and regional summary report																						
5204	Preparation of final regional report																						
5205	9,500																						
5299	9,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,500	9,500	2,375	2,375	2,375	2,375	9,500
5900	<b>Evaluation</b>																						
5901	Evaluations/reviews/audits																						
5999	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40,000	0	0	0	0	40,000	40,000	0	40,000	0	0	40,000
5999	9,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40,000	0	0	0	0	49,500	49,500	2,375	42,375	2,375	2,375	49,500
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>155,000</b>	<b>1,250,000</b>	<b>400,000</b>	<b>800,000</b>	<b>430,000</b>	<b>1,753,876</b>	<b>612,475</b>	<b>1,228,000</b>	<b>800,000</b>	<b>877,850</b>	<b>2,118,000</b>	<b>200,000</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>745,200</b>	<b>550,000</b>	<b>455,000</b>	<b>1,000,000</b>	<b>13,375,401</b>	<b>8,893,146</b>	<b>1,528,530</b>	<b>1,488,530</b>	<b>1,465,196</b>	<b>13,375,401</b>

## APPENDIX 5

### PUBLIC AWARENESS, COMMUNICATIONS AND MAINSTREAMING

Achieving intra-governmental cooperation (synergies) and public awareness will be a major outcome of the project and is expected to trigger actions and activities nationally. Indeed, the overall purpose of the project is to assist countries in generating high quality scientific data for monitoring the presence of POPs in its population and environment. Such scientific data allows to assess the amplitude of the risks imposed by POPs in the region, and thus offer the basis for awareness raising, decision-making and actions within governments and the general public, both at national and regional levels.

Therefore, the project puts a strong emphasis in adopting a multi-stakeholder approach, first in identifying relevant and strategic stakeholders, and then in establishing good communication and solid networks between them (see project component 1). The project aims at developing communication strategies for effective dissemination of findings among the public, as well as to mainstream POPs management in the national political agendas. The primary beneficiaries of the project are the national governments, their ministries, agencies and related research institutions.

Results of the different reports (*e.g.*, national, sectoral, etc.) contribute to the regional monitoring plan and (finally) to the global monitoring plan. Some of these results will also be published in the scientific literature. Moreover, the numeric data will be made publicly available through the GMP database hosted by the Stockholm Convention regional center in the Czech Republic, Recetox Institute at Masaryk University in Brno.

Component 4 of this project, which involves an intercalibration assessment, will also contribute to raise awareness of national laboratories concerning international standards for POPs analysis and will generate confidence into data coming from developing country laboratories and thus increase trust and visibility. Such qualified laboratories will be able to submit high quality data to the GMP in the future.

Furthermore, the participating countries and stakeholders will meet at the end of the project for a final workshop, where they will develop statements and conclusions on lessons learned, as well as recommendations for future monitoring plan. These conclusions and recommendations will then be incorporated into a roadmap for sustainable POPs monitoring in the region, which will consist of an agreed and integrative document negotiated and discussed by all stakeholders. The roadmap will include actions on how to disseminate within the region the project's data, main findings and conclusions. This approach allows to develop communication strategies based on the findings and lessons learned of the project, and fosters stakeholders' ownership and cultural appropriateness.

Communication and dissemination of the project and its results needs careful consideration, planning and professionalism, to offer the right perspective and messages, and to achieve intended results. Therefore, the communication strategy and the communicators have to be entrusted by the national government. It is anticipated that the main communication mechanisms will be through public institutions (according to their mandates) and academia.

It is worth noting that the participating countries already identified the development of such information exchange, monitoring and reporting system as national priorities in their National Implementation Plans (NIPs). The NIPs were developed through a multi-stakeholder processes, where representatives from key ministries participated and endorsed the final document. Hence, political commitment for communication and mainstreaming appears to be strong.

## APPENDIX 6

### ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS

Under WHO, a protocol has been developed for sampling and sample preparation methodology for exposure studies of Persistent Organic Pollutants (Malisch and Moy, 2006; WHO, 2007), and is based on the three previous rounds of WHO coordinated studies (1987-1988, 1992-1993 and 2000-2001). This protocol will form the basis for the human milk component of the GMP. Local ethical considerations will be taken into account in the application of the protocol. It should be noted that for all WHO projects, all sampling for human material needs formal clearance by an ethics committee.

Under the *environmental safeguards*, the project will follow internationally agreed standards in sampling and analysis of biotic and abiotic matrices for POPs. The principles of good laboratory practices (GLP) as defined by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD; <http://www.oecd.org/env/ehs/testing/goodlaboratorypracticeglp.htm>). GLP is a quality system concerned with the organisational processing process and conditions under which non-clinical health and environmental safety studies are planned, performed, monitored, recorded, archived and reported. The primary objective of the OECD Principles of Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) is to ensure the generation of high quality and reliable test data related to the safety of industrial chemical substances and preparations in the framework of harmonising testing procedures for the Mutual Acceptance of Data (MAD).

Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) embodies a set of principles that provides a framework within which laboratory studies are planned, performed, monitored, recorded, reported and archived. These studies are undertaken to generate data by which the hazards and risks to users, consumers and third parties, including the environment, can be assessed for pharmaceuticals (only preclinical studies), agrochemicals, cosmetics, food additives, feed additives and contaminants, novel foods, biocides, detergents *etc.* . GLP helps assure regulatory authorities that the data submitted are a true reflection of the results obtained during the study and can therefore be relied upon when making risk/safety assessments.

During the implementation of this project, special attention will be given to the management of wastes from the laboratories since they may contain harmful substances (such as POPs) or solvents and adsorbents.



## Appendices to project GMP2 for GRULAC [GEF Agency Project ID 0956]

### APPENDIX 7: WORKPLAN AND TIMETABLE

Project Outputs	Project year 1				Project year 2				Project year 3				Project year 4				Post project period
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
<b>Component 1: Securing conditions for successful project implementation.</b>																	
1.1 Key stakeholders sign legal documents to carry activities.		*		*													
1.2 Organise inception workshop, with project workplan and budget assigned.			*														
1.3 Update POPs laboratory databank.		*		*												*	
<b>Component 2: Capacity building and data generation on analysis of core abiotic matrices.</b>																	
2.1 Identify sampling sites for air monitoring and make them operational.				*			*						*				
2.2 Identify sampling sites for water monitoring and make them operational.				*									*				
2.3 Make nat'l labs operational for undertaking analysis of abiotic matrices.				*		*		*									
2.4 Analyse nat'l samples for air and water, and report high quality data.																	
2.5 Summarize results of analysis in two distinctive sectoral reports.																*	
<b>Component 3: Capacity building and data generation on analysis of core biotic matrices.</b>																	
3.1 Make countries in the region capable to undertake sampling of human milk for the 6th round of UNEP/WHO survey.				*													
3.2 Make nat'l laboratories operational for undertaking analysis of human milk samples.				*						*							
3.3 Implement the 6th round of human milk survey.		*								*							
3.4 Compare results with data from earlier rounds, and report them to the GMP.																	
<b>Component 4: Assessment of existing analytical capacities and reinforcement of national POPs monitoring.</b>																	
4.1 Undertake two rounds of the Interlab Assessment.							*								*		
4.2 Identify and analyse samples of major nat'l interest.													*				
<b>Component 5: Securing conditions for sustainable POPs monitoring.</b>																	
5.1 Develop conclusions, lessons learned and recommendations from GMP2 for future monitoring plan.														*		*	
5.2 Prepare a state-of-the-art report to picture the present situation of POPs in the region's environment and humans.															*	*	
5.3 Develop a roadmap for sustainable POPs monitoring.											*					*	
<b>Project monitoring and evaluation</b>																	
6.1 Half-yearly progress reports delivered.																	
6.2 Project Implementation Review (PIRs) performed.																	
6.3 Minutes of Project Steering Committee (PSC) meetings submitted.																	
6.4 Mid-term review performed.																	
6.5 Independent terminal evaluation report undertaken (up to 1 year after finalization of the project)																	
6.6 Independent financial audit report carried out.																	

\* milestones

**APPENDIX 8**

**KEY DELIVERABLES AND BENCHMARKS**

See Appendix 7

## APPENDIX 9

### SUMMARY OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

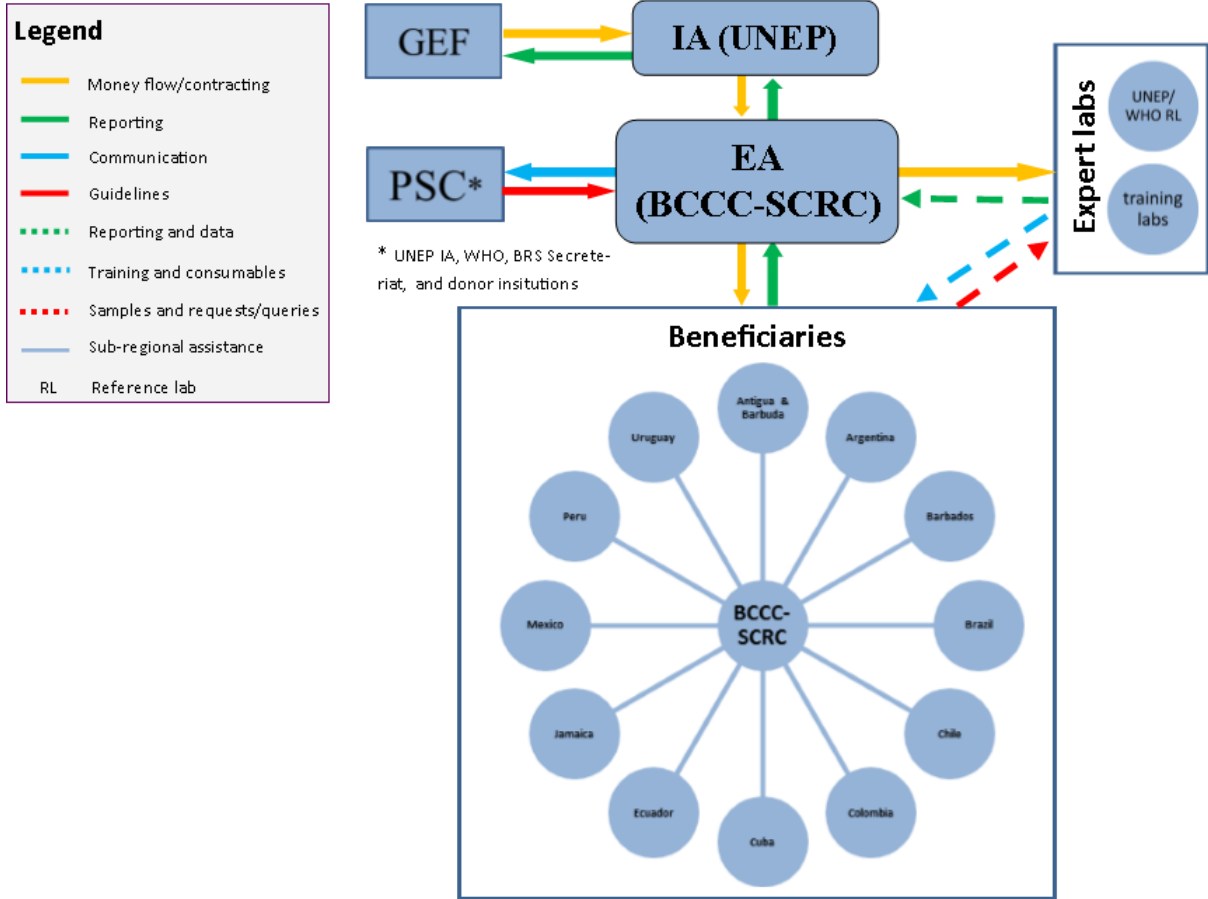
M&E activity	Purpose	Responsible Party	Budget GEF (US\$)	Time-frame
Half-yearly progress reports		UNEP and BCCC-SCRC EA	0	
PIRs		UNEP EA with UNEP TM	0	Months 26, 38, 50
Final report	Reviews effectiveness against implementation plan, highlights technical outputs, identifies lessons learned and likely design approaches for future projects, assesses likelihood of achieving design outcomes	UNEP in cooperation with BCCC-SCRC	0	At end of project implementation
Project review and steering by PSC	Assesses progress, effectiveness of operations and technical outputs; Recommends adaptation where necessary and confirms implementation plan.	PSC	0	Months 2, 24, and 48
Mid-term review	Reviews project performance at mid-term, to analyze whether the project is on track, what problems and challenges the project is encountering, and which corrective actions are required	BCCC-SCRC with UNEP TM	26,000	Month 24
End-term financial audit at national level	Reviews use of project funds against budget and assesses probity of expenditure and transactions at national level.	BCCC-SCRC with national partners	0	Month 44
Independent Terminal evaluation	Reviews effectiveness, efficiency and timeliness of project implementation, coordination mechanisms and outputs Identifies lessons learned and likely remedial actions for future projects Highlights technical achievements and assesses against prevailing benchmarks	UNEP TM in coordination with UNEP Evaluation Office (EO)	35,000	At end of project implementation
Annual audits	Reviews use of project funds against budget and assesses probity of expenditure and transactions (3 audits)	BCCC-SCRC with UNEP TM	9,000	
<b>Total indicative M&amp;E cost</b>			<b>70,000</b>	

**APPENDIX 10**  
**STANDARD TERMINAL EVALUATION**

Following rules and procedures.

## APPENDIX 11

### DECISION MAKING FLOWCHART AND ORGANIGRAM



**APPENDIX 12**

**TERMS OF REFERENCE**

To be developed after the inception workshop.

**APPENDIX 13**

**CO-FINANCING COMMITMENT LETTERS FROM PROJECT PARTNERS**

**APPENDIX 14**

**ENDORSEMENT LETTERS OF GEF NATIONAL FOCAL POINTS**

**APPENDIX 15**

**DRAFT PROCUREMENT PLAN**

		GEF funding (total USD)
<b>UNEP BUDGET LINE/OBJECT OF EXPENDITURE</b>		
<b>2200</b>	<b>Sub-contracts (SSFA, PCA, non-UN)</b>	
2201	Subcontracts for national implementation	135,600
2202	Subcontracts for nat'l implementation of air, water, human milk sampling	608,400
2203	Subcontracts to national POPs labs (air, water, milk, nat'l samples)	241,020
2204	Plan for sustainable monitoring plan development	48,000
2281	Subcontracts for expert laboratories for analysis of core matrices and nat'l priority samples	728,100
2282	Expert laboratory, analysis PFOS water	15,000
2283	All POPs analysis in active air sampler	24,000
2284	Implementation of 2 rounds of interlab, GRULAC region	120,000
<b>2299</b>	<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>1,920,120</b>
<b>2999</b>	<b>Component Total</b>	<b>1,920,120</b>
<b>40</b>	<b>EQUIPMENT and PREMISES COMPONENT</b>	
<b>4100</b>	<b>Expendable equipment (under 1,500 \$)</b>	
4101	Supplies of samplers, containers for air, water, human milk	9,600
4103	Set-up of site for active sampling of air in one country	13,500
4181	Spares and consumables for sampling and analysis	122,400
<b>4199</b>	<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>145,500</b>
<b>4999</b>	<b>Component Total</b>	<b>145,500</b>
<b>50</b>	<b>MISCELLANEOUS COMPONENT</b>	
<b>5200</b>	<b>Reporting costs (publications, maps, NL)</b>	
5201	Sectoral, thematic reports	21,000
5202	National reports and regional summary report	108,000
5203	Preparation of final regional report	27,000
5204	Visualization, translation, interpretation (Web, WS, documents)	56,000
5205	Data entry into sheets and databanks	18,000
5281	Visualization, communication of results	14,000
5282	Sectoral thematic reports	117,000
5283	SOPs, sampling and analysis of core matrices, all POPs	45,000
<b>5299</b>	<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>406,000</b>
<b>5500</b>	<b>Evaluation</b>	
5501	Annual audits	9,000
5502	mid-term review	26,000
5503	Final evaluation	35,000
<b>5599</b>	<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>70,000</b>
<b>5999</b>	<b>Component Total</b>	<b>476,000</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>2,541,620</b>

**APPENDIX 16**

**TRACKING TOOLS**



**APPENDIX 17**

**SUPERVISION PLAN**

To be developed at the inception workshop